

Division of Noise, Real Estate and Land Use Compatibility Planning Quarterly Noise Report

Second Quarter 2011



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DEFINITIONS

Airport Noise Zone (ANZ): The area surrounding the airport where aircraft noise levels are equal to or greater than DNL 65

Code of Maryland Regulations (COMAR): Requires the MAA to control residential and commercial development in the ANZ

Decibel (dB): A logarithmic unit of measurement of sound intensity. "A" weighted decibels have been adjusted to account for the response of the human ear to certain sound levels

Day-Night Average Sound Level (DNL): A measurement unit of 24 hours of noise (midnight to midnight) that accounts for the increased impact of night-time noises

Sound Exposure Level (SEL): A term used to describe the total sound energy from a single aircraft noise event. It takes into account both the maximum noise level (Lmax) and the duration of the event

This report was prepared by the Division of Noise, Real Estate and Land Use Compatibility Planning of the Maryland Aviation Administration. 410.859.7375



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SUMMARY

This report provides a review of the aviation noise abatement program for the second quarter of 2011 (April 1 to June 30). Included in this report are updates on the various types of aircraft operations, noise levels at the permanent noise monitoring sites, and a summary of complaints received about aircraft noise.

Average daily jet flights were approximately 646 per day during the 2nd quarter of 2011, compared to 650 per day for the 2nd quarter of 2010, a decrease of less than 1 percent.

- Night-time operations averaged 73 per night for the 2nd quarter of 2011, compared to 51 per night during the 2nd quarter of 2010.
- The percentage of re-certified (hush-kitted) aircraft operating at Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport (BWI Marshall) was 1.0 percent during the 2nd quarter of 2011, compared to 1.1 percent during the 2nd quarter of 2010.
- Aircraft noise levels at eight permanent monitoring sites were higher than during the previous quarter; one site was lower; three were the same.
- There were 81 calls to the Airport Noise Hotline during the 2nd quarter of 2011.
- The Airport operated in west flow for 64 percent of the time during the 2nd quarter of 2011.

Aviation News Items of Interest:

- Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport (BWI Marshall) has
 installed eight electric vehicle charging stations which will allow passengers to charge
 their electric vehicles. Four stations are located in the Airport's Daily Garage and the
 other four are located in the Hourly Garage.
- The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) will impose civil penalties against anyone who points a laser into the cockpit of an aircraft. "The FAA released an legal interpretation, which finds that directing a laser beam into an aircraft cockpit could interfere with a flight crew performing its duties while operating an aircraft, a violation of Federal Aviation Regulations". More than 1,100 incidents have been reported nationwide this year. The maximum civil penalty for this violation is \$11,000.
- In July 2012, Condor Airlines will begin offering nonstop service from BWI Marshall Airport to Frankfurt, Germany. This service will be offered twice a week on Mondays and Thursdays and will use 270-seat Boeing 767-300 aircraft offering three classes of service.



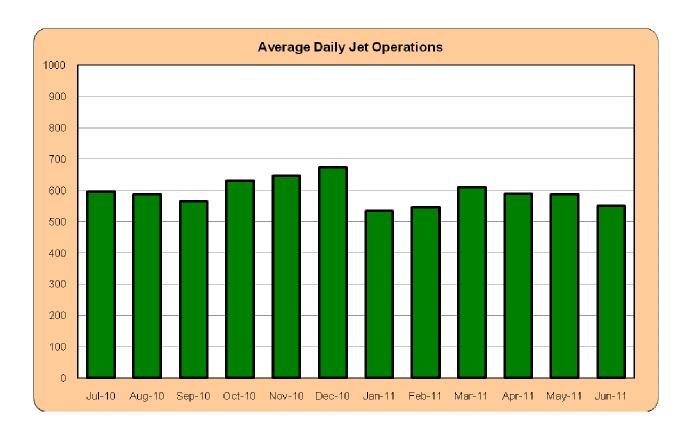
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AIRPORT OPERATIONS

This section provides information on various types of aircraft operations at BWI Marshall, including the percentage of re-certified aircraft operating at the Airport, and the percentage of aircraft operations on each runway.

The graph below shows the average number of daily jet flights for each month, including arrivals and departures by air carrier aircraft. Twenty-four hours of flights each day are averaged for each month to arrive at the results. The average daily number of operations during the 2nd quarter of 2011 was 646, compared to 650 for the 2nd quarter of 2010, a decrease of less than 1%.

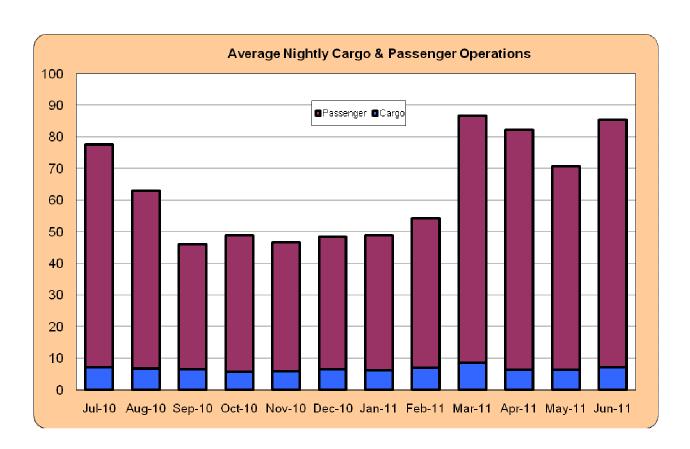




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This graph shows night-time air-carrier jet and cargo operations. A night-time operation is defined as an arrival or departure that occurs between the hours of 10 p.m. and 7 a.m. The average number of night-time jet operations was 73 per night during the 2nd quarter of 2011, compared to 51 per night for the 2nd quarter of 2010. The average number of night-time cargo operations was approximately 7 per night for the 2nd quarter of 2011, and 6 for the 2nd quarter of 2010.





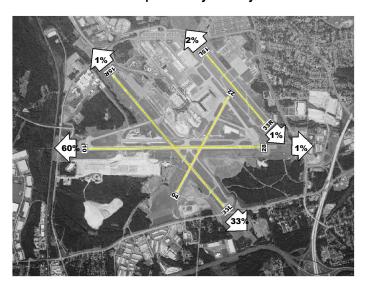
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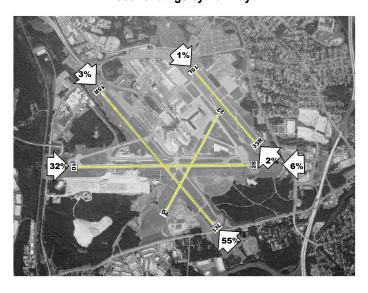
Runway Use

The MAA implemented the Preferential Runway Use System to minimize the impact of aircraft noise on neighboring communities. Aircraft departures in west flow are more desirable since a smaller population is impacted by aircraft noise than when in east flow. Wind direction, weather and operational factors determine the direction of air traffic flow. Aircraft take off and land facing into the wind for operational and safety reasons. During west flow large jet aircraft take-off primarily from Runway 28 and land on Runway 33L. During east flow large jet aircraft take-off primarily from Runway 15R and land on Runway 10. The figures below show percentages of runway use for this quarter for all jets. Historical trends for prevailing winds result in an annual average west flow of approximately 70 percent.

Jet Departures by Runway



Jet Landings by Runway





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Flight Corridors

The following three pages show flight corridors (air traffic patterns) for the following operations:

- all jet departures in west flow
- all jet departures in east flow
- all jet arrivals

The data used to create the flight corridor maps was taken from the aircraft noise and flight track monitoring system located in the Division of Noise, Real Estate and Land Use Compatibility Planning. Each map shows the average number of flights per day for each corridor, the percentages of arrivals or departures for each corridor, and the number of days with no flights. The category "all jets" includes commercial air carrier aircraft and private and corporate jets.

The purpose of the corridor maps is to show the actual flight patterns in use at BWI Marshall, and the average number of daily flights for each pattern for the quarter.

Jet Departures in West Flow shows that the most commonly used departure pattern in west flow was corridor B, accounting for 39 percent of all departures, averaging 123 departures per day.

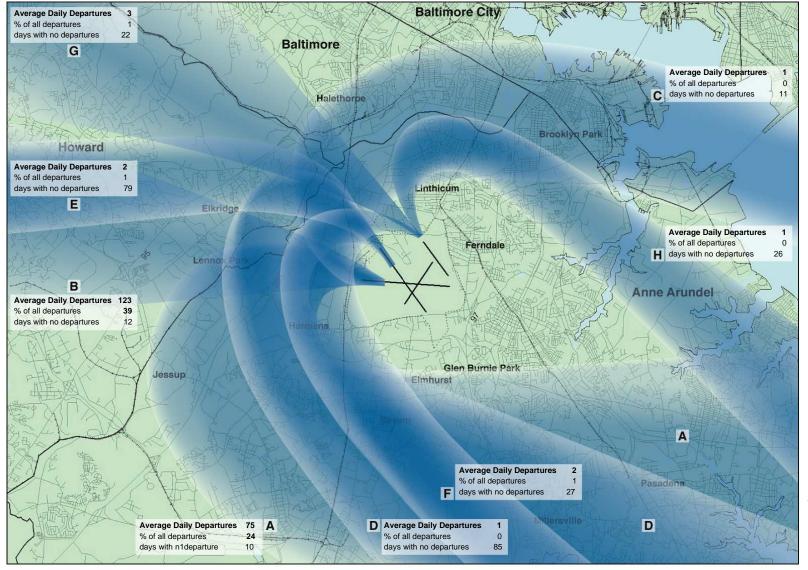
Jet Departures in East Flow shows that the most commonly used departure pattern in east flow was corridor P, accounting for 18 percent of all departures, averaging 56 departures per day.

All Jet Arrivals shows that the most commonly used arrival pattern was corridor B, accounting for 55 percent of all arrivals, averaging 178 arrivals per day.



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Halethorpe Howard Linthicum Elkridge **Average Daily Departures** 2 % of all departures days with no departures 43 Ferndale K M Harmans L Average Daily Departures 2 **Average Daily Departures** 0 % of all departures % of all departures 0 **Average Daily Departures** 56 days with no departures days with no departures 85 % of all departures 18 35 days with no departures mie Park Pmhurst Jessup K 0 N 24 **Average Daily Departures** 19 **Average Daily Departures** % of all departures % of all departures days with no departures 39 days with no departures

Average Daily Departures

32

days with no departures

% of all departures

Baltimore City

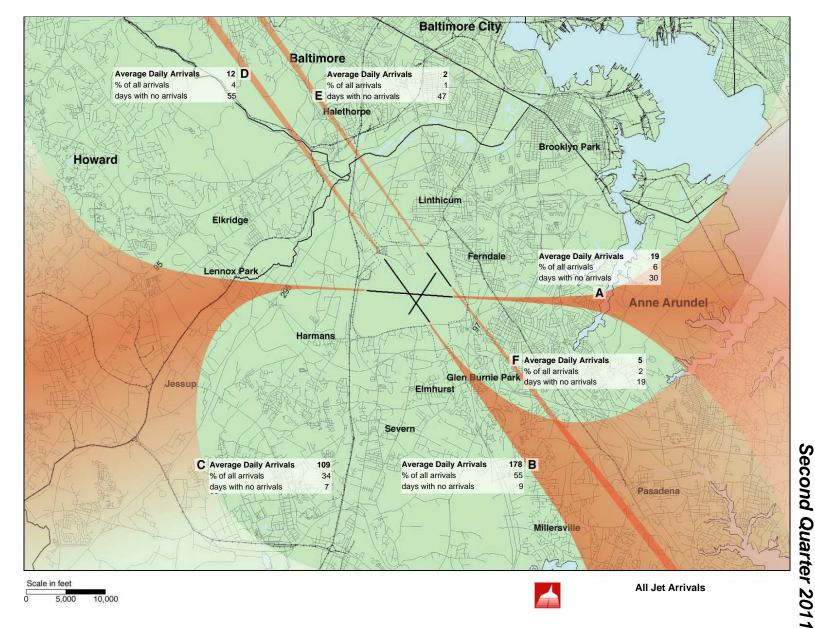
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Average Daily Departures

62

days with no departures

% of all departures





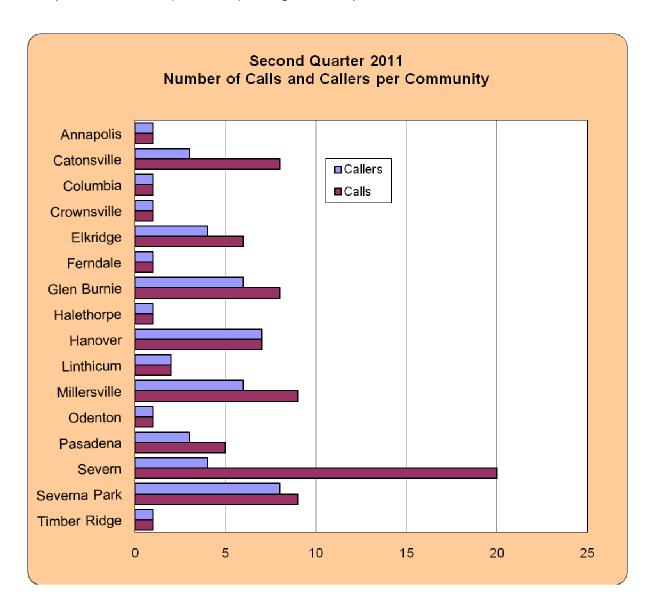
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AIRPORT NOISE HOTLINE CALLS

The MAA maintains a 24-hour Airport Noise Hotline at **410-859-7021**. Staff is available during normal business hours to discuss aircraft noise complaints directly with callers. Voicemail is available for recording noise complaints at night and on weekends. The graph below shows the number of calls and callers per community for the quarter.

There were 81 calls (50 callers) to the Airport Noise Hotline during the 2nd quarter of 2011 compared to 68 calls (38 callers) during the 2nd quarter of 2010.





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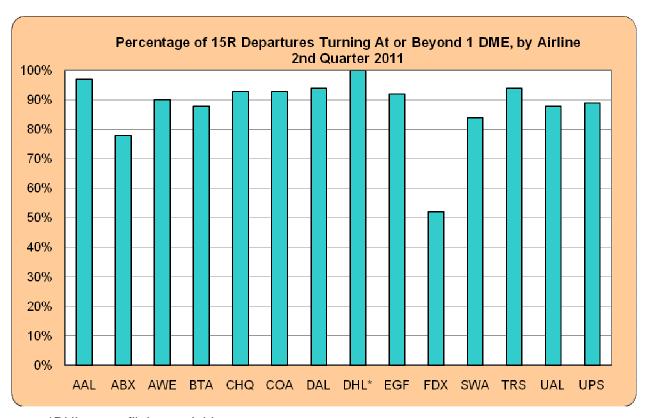
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OBSERVANCE OF NOISE ABATEMENT PROCEDURES

In order to encourage on-going compliance with the voluntary noise abatement procedures developed for BWI Marshall, a Quarterly Airline Performance Report is generated for the major carriers and cargo operators. Data is obtained from our noise and flight track monitoring system and the three noise abatement procedures of most interest to the local communities are evaluated. These procedures are:

- 1. Runway 15 Right departures initiating their right turns at, but not prior to, 1 DME
- 2. Runway 33 Left Visual Approach arrivals maintaining 3,000 feet altitude or higher until reaching 10 DME from the Airport
- 3. Runway 28 departures initiating their turns at, but not prior to, 3 DME

The following graphs were derived from the Quarterly Airline Performance Report for the 2nd quarter of 2011. They show the percentage of flights for each airline which comply with each of the three procedures. DME stands for Distance Measuring Equipment, and is measured slant-range from the navigational aid located near the center of the Airport. One DME is one nautical mile.

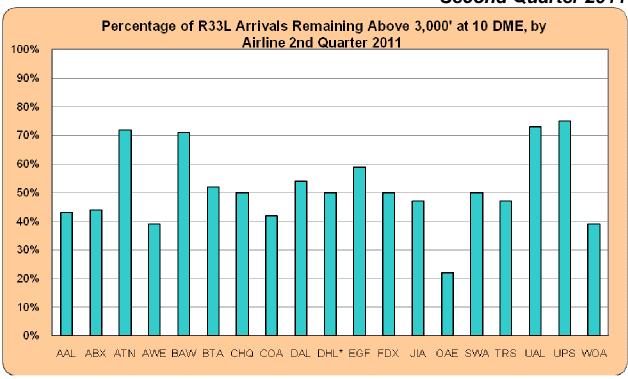


*DHL - one flight used this runway

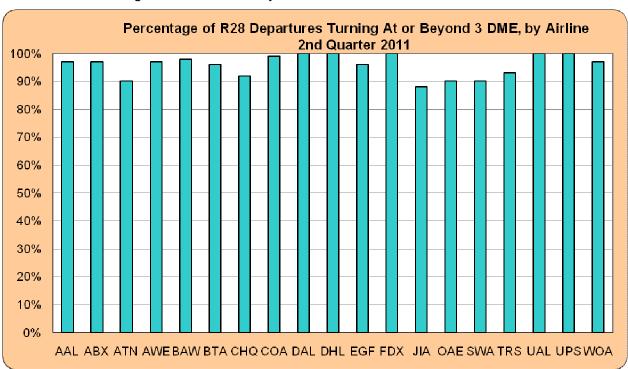


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*DHL - four flights used this runway.





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COMMUNITY OUTREACH

The MAA engages in on-going efforts to enhance the level of communication and interaction between the Airport and area residents. The MAA Community Outreach Programs encourage the exchange of information between the MAA and local community groups and residences by providing a contact point for listening to and responding to Airport-related community concerns. These programs also supplement the efforts of the BWI Marshall Neighbors' Committee to promote the active participation of local residents in Airport issues.

The Division of Noise, Real Estate and Land Use Compatibility Planning keeps track of services provided to the local community to promote public education and communication, and of the number of responses to public concerns regarding aviation noise. Specific services or activities provided by the MAA and the Noise Abatement Office are listed below, along with the number of contacts.

Public Education Events & Activities during the 2nd Quarter of 2011

Committee Meetings	1
Community Meetings	2
Community Noise Monitoring Reports	0
Airport Zoning Permits	51
Mailings	4

COMMUNITY ENHANCEMENT GRANT PROGRAM

Maryland Senate Bill 276 established an 11-member "Citizens Committee for the Enhancement of Communities Surrounding Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport." The intent of this legislation is to provide some benefit to those citizens living in communities impacted by the daily operation of BWI Marshall by allowing them the opportunity to apply for grants for transportation-related projects such as sidewalks, speed humps, street lights, etc. These communities must be located within the most recently certified Airport Noise Zone or within two miles of the outermost noise contour.

The Community Enhancement Grant Committee met on May 19, 2011. The Committee reviewed six grant applications and all of them were recommended for approval. This included one grant for Montgomery Woods Condominium Association for \$27,645, two grants for the Linthicum-Shipley Improvement Association totaling \$23,515, one grant for Elmhurst Improvement Association in the amount of \$3,201.20 and two grants for Greater Ferndale Area Community Civic Association totaling \$24,675.



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NOISE MONITORING PROGRAM

The MAA operates a permanent noise monitoring system that operates 24 hours per day, seven days a week. The noise monitoring equipment in place at BWI-Marshall was installed in the late 1980's and is approaching the end of its useful life due to the age of the equipment and the inability to obtain replacement parts. The MAA is currently in the process of selecting a new system to be installed within the next 24 to 36 months. Until that time, we will continue to collect noise data and report, in table format, the finding from all equipment which is still operational. The individual noise monitor graphs will be discontinued until the new system is installed.

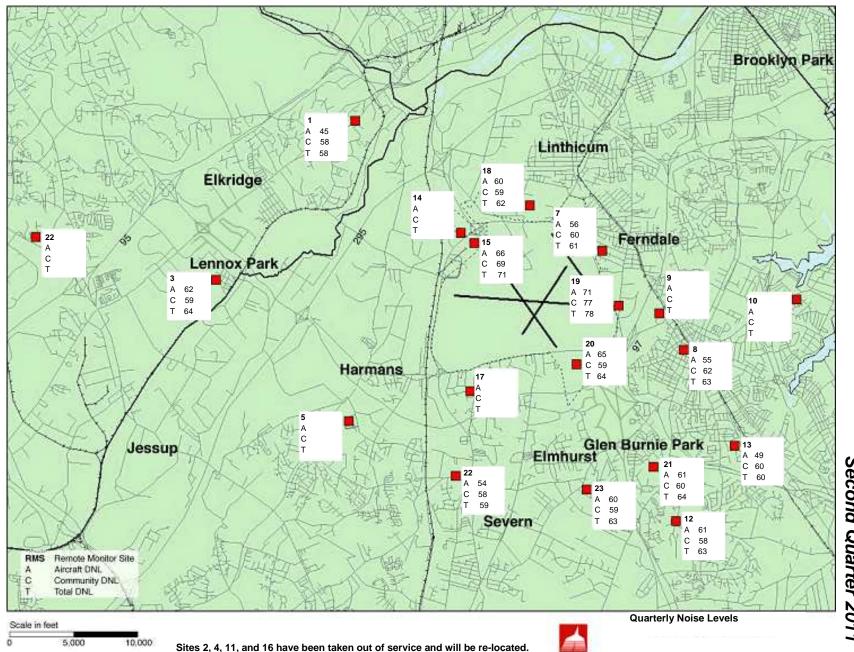
The map on the next page shows the locations of the noise monitors and the measured noise levels at each location. The term **DNL** (symbolized as "Ldn" in mathematical equations) means **Day-Night Average Sound Level**, and is used to report aircraft, community and total noise levels. DNL is defined as the cumulative sound energy averaged over a twenty-four hour period, with ten-decibels (dB) added to noise events which occur between the hours of 10 p.m. and 7 a.m. This penalty accounts for the greater impact of noise events which occur at night. DNL is measured from midnight to midnight.

The map on the following page shows the quarterly Aircraft (A), Community (C), and Total (T) DNL values at each site. At some sites community or environmental noise levels (street traffic and other neighborhood noises) exceed aircraft noise levels.



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Sites 5, 9, 10, 14, 17 and 22 have malfunctioned and are being repaired.



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Quarterly Noise Measurements*

			Aircr	aft DNL			Commu	nity DNI	_					DNL-A
Site		1 Qtr.	2 Qtr.	3 Qtr.	4 Qtr.	1 Qtr.	2 Qtr.	3 Qtr.	4 Qtr.	1 Qtr.	2 Qtr.	3 Qtr.	4 Qtr.	2010 2 Qtr.
1	St. Augustine Church Elkridge	45	49			58	63			58	64			61
2	Harwood Park													
3	Lennox Ave. Dorsey	62	64			59	64			64	67			66
4	Hanover													
5	Harmans E.S. Hanover		-											
6	Delmont Church Severn	51	52			56	62			57	62			59
7	Wicklow Woods Femdale	56	56			60	65			61	65			64
8	Glen Burnie Heights	55	54			62	64			63	65			63
9	Army National Guard Armory, Glen Burnie		51				69			69				66
10	Pumping Station Margate		-											59
11	Queenstown		-											
12	Rippling Woods E.S. Glen Burnie	61	63			58	64			63	67			65
13	Oakwood Park Glen Burnie	49	52			60	65			60	65	-		61
14	Approach End RWY 15 Right (Outer)													65
15	Approach End RWY 15 Right (Inner)	66	66			69	69			71	70			70
16	Hanover													
17	Timber Ridge Rd. Timber Ridge													64
18	Approach End RWY 15 Left	60	60			59	60			62	63			
19	Hollins Ferry Rd. Glen Burnie	71	78			77	68			78	69			68
20	Friendship Park Glen Burnie Glen Burnie Park	62	70			59	64			71				71
21	Elementary School	61	62	-		60	62			64	65			66
22	Columbia		57				61				62			63
23	Quarterfield E.S. Severn	60				59				63				63

*Sites 2, 4, 11, and 16 have been taken out of service and will be re-located. Sites 5, 10, 14, and 17, have malfunctioned and are being repaired. MAA's noise monitoring sites are over 20 years old. A new system is planned for installation in the next few years.



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Monthly Noise Measurements

						Aircraft Noise Levels			DNL(A	١)			
Site		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1	St. Augustine Church, Elkridge	45	46	44	65	49	51						
2	Harwood Park												
3	Lennox Ave., Dorsey	61	61	62	69	65	64						
4	Hanover												
5	Harmans E.S., Hanover												
6	Delmont Church, Severn	50	49	53	54	56	51						
7	Wicklow Woods, Ferndale	55	57	55	58	59	56						
8	Glen Burnie Heights	55	54	55	57	58	54						
9	Army National Guard Armory				54	50	48						
10	Pumping Station, Margate												
11	Queenstown												
12	Rippling Woods E.S.	60	60	61	62	63	64						
13	Oakwood Park, Glen Burnie	47	50	50	65	52	49						
14	Approach End R15R (Outer)												
15	Approach End R15R (Inner)	63	66	66	67	69	65						
16	Hanover												
17	Timber Ridge Rd., Timber Ridge												
18	Approach End RWY 15L	60	60	60	61	67	60						
19	Hollins Ferry Rd., Glen Burnie	58	72	72	64	74	82						
20	Friendship Park, Glen Burnie	58	65	62	73	69	70						
21	Glen Burnie Park E.S.	60	60	62	66	64	63						
22	Columbia				56	55	57						
23	Quarterfield E.S., Severn	57	58	64	63								



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BWI MARSHALL NEIGHBORS COMMITTEE

The BWI Marshall Neighbors Committee was established in December 1983 and serves as a liaison between the Airport and the surrounding communities to ensure continuing and timely discussion of mutual airport and community interests. The committee serves as a forum for exchanging information, ideas and suggestions.

Such interests include, but are not limited to:

- (1) ground access (highways, light rail, etc.)
- (2) long-range transportation planning issues
- (3) operational changes (construction, maintenance and air traffic control)
- (4) noise abatement and other environmental issues
- (5) parking and ground transportation
- (6) land use planning.

The Neighbors Committee consists of the following groups:

- Columbia Council
- Elkridge Community Association
- Elmhurst Improvement Association
- Glen Burnie Improvement Association
- Glen Burnie Park Civic Association
- Ferndale Area Community Council
- Greater Pasadena Council
- Harmans Civic Association
- Linthicum/Shipley Improvement Association
- Severn Improvement Association
- Timber Ridge Improvement Association



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AIRPORT NOISE ZONE

The Maryland Environmental Noise Act of 1974 provides for the protection of citizens from the impact of transportation related noise. The aviation portion of the Act requires the MAA to create a certified Airport Noise Zone (ANZ) to control incompatible land development around BWI Marshall and a Noise Abatement Plan (NAP) to minimize the impact of aircraft noise on people living near the Airport. An ANZ and NAP were first established for BWI Marshall in 1976. Both were updated in 1982, 1988, 1993, and 1998. An updated ANZ was certified on November 6, 2007.

The ANZ is determined by a composite of three noise contours: a base year contour, a five-year forecast, and a ten-year forecast. The largest of the three contours in any area around the Airport determines the outline of the ANZ, thereby offering protection within the largest of the existing or future noise contours.

The contours depict the Day-Night Average Sound Level (DNL) around BWI Marshall. Both the State of Maryland and the FAA require the use of the DNL metric by all airports conducting environmental studies. The FAA also requires the use of its standard computer model for developing noise contours, known as the Integrated Noise Model (INM).

The 2007 ANZ is depicted on the following page.



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